

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### 5.4 Surface Area of a Cylinder



a 3-D object with 2 parallel and congruent circular bases

*Congruent* means the exact same size



#### Working Example 1: Determine the Surface Area of a Right Cylinder

a) Estimate the surface area of the can.

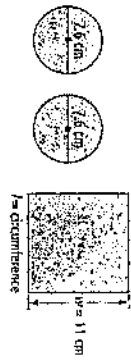


Surface area of can  $\approx$  area of 2 circles + area of 1 rectangle

To estimate, use approximate values:

$d \approx 8$ , so  $r = d \div 2$

$\approx$  \_\_\_\_\_



$\pi \approx 3$

Area of circle  $\approx \pi \times r^2$

$\approx 3 \times$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\approx$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\approx 3 \times$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\times$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\approx$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\approx$  \_\_\_\_\_

length of rectangle = circumference  
 $l = \pi \times d$   
 Area of rectangle  $\approx l \times w$   
 $\approx$  circumference  $\times w$   
 $\approx (\pi \times d) \times w$   
 $\approx 3 \times 8 \times 10$   
 $\approx$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^2$

There are 2 circles:  $2 \times 48 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Estimated surface area  $\approx$  area of 2 circles + area of 1 rectangle

$\approx$  \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\approx$  \_\_\_\_\_

The estimated surface area is \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^2$ .

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b) What is the actual surface area of the can?  
 Round your answer to the nearest hundredth of a square centimetre (2 decimal places).

*Solution*

*Method 1: Use a Net*

*Step 1:* Draw the net and label the measurements.

*Step 2:* Find the radius.

diameter = 7.6 cm

radius  $\approx 7.6 \div 2$

$\approx$  \_\_\_\_\_

*Step 3:* Find the area of 1 circle.

$A = \pi \times r^2$

$\approx 3.14 \times 3.8^2$

$\approx 3.14 \times 3.8 \times 3.8$

$\approx$  \_\_\_\_\_

*Step 4:* Find the area of 2 circles.

$2 \times 45.3116 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

*Step 5:* Find the area of the rectangle using the circumference.

$A = l \times w$

$A = (\pi \times d) \times w$

$A \approx 3.14 \times 7.6 \times 11$

$A \approx$  \_\_\_\_\_

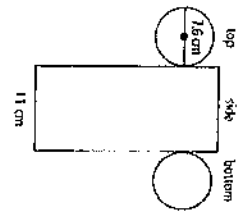
length of rectangle = circumference

*Step 6:* Total surface area  $\approx$  area of 2 circles + area of 1 rectangle

$\approx$  \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\approx$  \_\_\_\_\_

The total surface area is approximately \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^2$ .

Round your answer to the nearest hundredth (2 decimal places).



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*Method 2: Use a Formula*

The formula for the surface area of a cylinder is

$$S.A. = 2 \times (\pi \times r^2) + (\pi \times d \times h)$$

2 circles

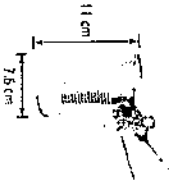
circle area

rectangle area

- length is the circumference of a circle ( $\pi \times d$ )
- width is the height of the cylinder ( $h$ )

**Tip:**

*S.A.*  
• a short form for *surface area*



$$d = 7.6 \text{ cm} \qquad r = 7.6 \div 2 = 3.8 \text{ cm} \qquad h = 11 \text{ cm}$$

$$S.A. = 2 \times (\pi \times r^2) + (\pi \times d \times h)$$

$$S.A. = 2 \times (3.14 \times 3.8^2) + (3.14 \times 7.6 \times 11)$$

$$S.A. = 2 \times (3.14 \times 3.8 \times 3.8) + (3.14 \times 7.6 \times 11)$$

$$S.A. = 2 \times \text{---} + \text{---}$$

$$S.A. = \text{---} + \text{---}$$

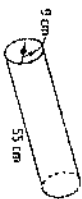
$$S.A. = \text{---}$$

The surface area of the can is \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^2$ , to the nearest hundredth (2 decimal places).

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**Show Your Know**

Find the surface area of the cylinder to the nearest tenth of a square centimetre (1 decimal place).



$$d = \text{---} \qquad r = \text{---} \qquad h = \text{---}$$

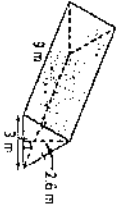
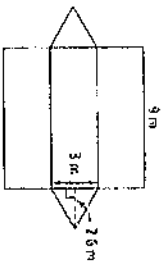
Use a net of the formula to find the answer.

Sentence: \_\_\_\_\_

**Working Example 2: Calculate the Surface Area of a Right Triangular Prism**

a) Draw the net of this right triangular prism.

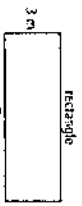
**Solution**



b) What is the surface area?

3 sides with the same length

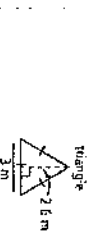
**Solution** The bases of the prism are equilateral triangles. The sides of the prism are rectangles.



$$A = l \times w$$

$$= 9 \times 3$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ m}^2$$



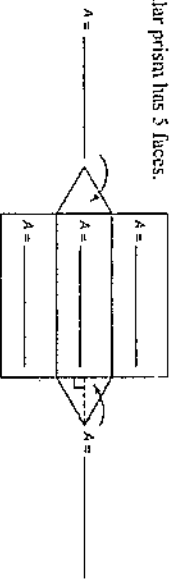
$$A = \left(\frac{b \times h}{2}\right) \div 2$$

$$= (3 \times 2.6) \div 2$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + 2$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ m}^2$$

The right triangular prism has 5 faces.



$$\text{Surface Area} = (3 \times \text{area of rectangle}) + (2 \times \text{area of triangle})$$

$$= (3 \times 27) + (2 \times 3.9)$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

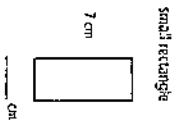
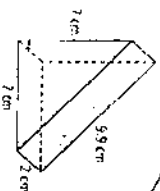
$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ m}^2$$

The surface area of the right triangular prism is \_\_\_\_\_ m<sup>2</sup>.

**Show Your Know**

Find the surface area of the right triangular prism.

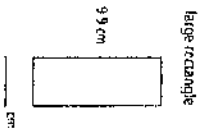
How many different-sized rectangles are there? \_\_\_\_\_



$$A = l \times w$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$$



$$A = l \times w$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$$

How many triangles of the same size are there? \_\_\_\_\_



$$A = \left(\frac{b \times h}{2}\right) \div 2$$

$$= \left(\frac{\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}}}{2}\right) \div 2$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \div 2$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$$

Surface Area = (2 × area of small rectangles) + (area of large rectangle) + (2 × area of triangle)

$$= (2 \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}}) + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + (2 \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}})$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$$

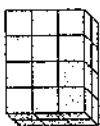
The surface area of the right triangular prism is \_\_\_\_\_ cm<sup>2</sup>.

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### 5.3 Surface Area of a Prism

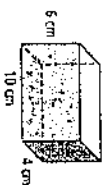
surface area

- the number of square units needed to cover all the faces of a 3-D object
- the sum of the areas of all the faces of an object
- measured in square units ( $\text{cm}^2$ ,  $\text{m}^2$ )

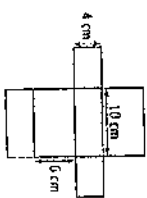


#### Working Example 1: Calculate the Surface Area of a Right Rectangular Prism

a) Draw the net of this right rectangular prism.



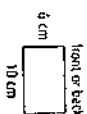
*Solution*



b) What is the surface area of the prism?

*Solution*

The right rectangular prism has 6 faces. There are 3 different sizes of faces.



$$A = l \times w$$

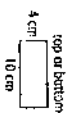
$$= 10 \times 6$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$$

Area of front and back

$$= 60 \times 2$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$$



$$A = l \times w$$

$$= 10 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$$

Area of top and bottom

$$= 40 \times 2$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$$



$$A = l \times w$$

$$= 6 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$$

Area of both sides

$$= 24 \times 2$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Surface Area} = (\text{area of front and back}) + (\text{area of top and bottom}) + (\text{area of ends})$$

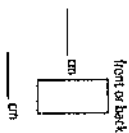
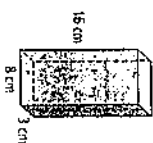
$$= \underline{120} + \underline{80} + \underline{48}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$$

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### Show You Know

What is the surface area of the right rectangular prism?



$$A = l \times w$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Area of front and back:

$$A = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 2$$

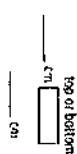
$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Surface Area = (area of front and back) + (area of top and bottom) + (area of ends)

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$$

The surface area of the right rectangular prism is  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$ .



$$A = l \times w$$

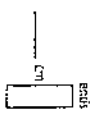
$$= \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Area of top and bottom:

$$A = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 2$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



$$A = l \times w$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Area of 2 ends:

$$A = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$