BLM 1-4

SKILL BUILDER

Periodic Table Scavenger Hunt

Goal • Demonstrate your understanding of the periodic table.

What to Do

Use your periodic table to answer the following questions.

When an atom of this element has a mass number of 52, the atom con protons and neutrons. The most common ion element is 2. Identify each element. (a) the element in group 5 and period 5 (b) only halogen that is a liquid at room temperature and pressure (c) alkali metal with the most massive atoms (d) synthetic element in period 5 (e) metal in group 16 and period 4 (f) alkaline earth element with the least massive atoms	
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(f) alkaline earth element with the least massive atoms	
(g) noble gas that has atoms with 54 protons	

3. Complete the following table. The first row is completed as an example.

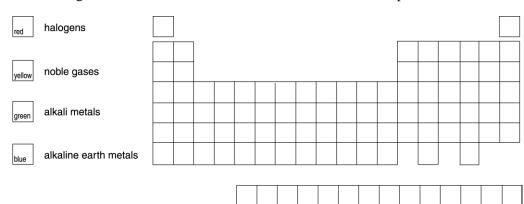
Name of element	Symbol of isotope	Atomic number	Mass number	Number of protons	Number of electrons	Number of neutrons
silicon	²⁸ Si	14	28	14	14	14
		8	16			
chromium			52			
sodium						12
				13		14
					19	20
	⁹ ₄ Be					

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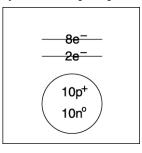
Periodic Table Scavenger Hunt (continued)

4. Shade in the following chemical families, as indicated, on the outline of the periodic table.

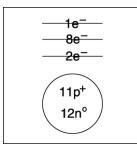


5. Identify each isotope represented by the diagram below.

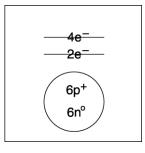
(a)



(b)



c)



6. Draw an energy level diagram, as shown in question 5, for each ion.

- (a) potassium ion, K⁺
- (b) chloride ion, Cl⁻
- (c) beryllium ion, Be²⁺

7. What two major families of elements does the bold "staircase" line in your periodic table separate?

8. List at least three ways in which an alkali metal is different from a halogen.